



Province of the  
**EASTERN CAPE**  
EDUCATION

**NATIONAL  
SENIOR CERTIFICATE**

**IBANGA 11**

**NOVEMBA 2011**

**ISIXHOZA ULWIMI LWASEKHAYA(HL) – P3  
IMEMORANDAM**

**AMANQAKU: 100**

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Le memorandam inamaphepha ali – 19.

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**ICANDELO A****IZINCOKO ZONKE MAZIBONAKALISE:**Ubuchule bokucwangcisa

- linjongo nabaphulaphuli zingqamene nenjongo yesincoko
- Ulwazi lwanele
- Ulwazi lusemxholweni
- Amagama amatsha omxholo acacile
- Intshayelelo, isiqu, isiphelo
- Uhlobo Iwesicwangciso olusetyenzisiwego (imephu yengqondo ...)

Isigama

- Isigama sisemxholweni
- Ulwimi lucacile alujikelezi
- Isigama esikhethiwego asiphindwa ngendlela ekruqulayo
- Upelo alulahli ntsingiselo
- Izaci namaqhalo, izafobe, izifanokuthi, izichasi ezisetyenziswayo zenza unambitheko kwaye zisetyenziswe ngokusemxholweni

Ubuchule bokuhlela

- liyilo ngeeyilo zibonakalisa nangoyilo lokuggibela ukuba:
- Imihlathi iyalandelelana
- Izivakalisi ziziindidi ngeendidi (ezide, ezixandileyo)
- linjongo zikumgangatho ophezulu
- linjongo nabaphulaphuli zingqamana neenjongo zesincoko
- Akubonakali zikroba kulwazi olunikiwego
- Upelo luchanekile

Isimbo

- Ucaphulo Iwensiwe, luggalile kwaye luboniswe ngeempawu zalo
- Imizekelo esetyenzisiwego ibonakalisa ulwazi
- Ubonakalisa isimbo esisesakhe sokubhala
- Isimbo singqamene neenjongo zokubhala
- lindidi ngeendidi zabaphulaphuli zithathelwa ingqalelo

Imihlathana

- Umhlathana ngamnye unesicingo esinye
- Izivakalisi ziyalandelelana ngendlela ebonakalisa ukunamatelana kwaye ziyanalana nomxholo womhlathi
- Izihlanganisi zenza olu nxulumano nonamatelwano
- Umhlathi unalo lonke ulwazi obelufuneka ukuxhasa umxholo wesincoko
- Imihlathana mayalandelelana ngendlela eyenza ukwakhelana
- Umbono/uluvu luxhaswa ngemizekelo

### Izivakalisi

- Mazisetyenziswe zibe ziindidi ngeendidi ngenjongo yokwenza isimbo (ezide, ezifutshane, ezimagatya, ezixandileyo)
- Mazicace, zivakale ziphelele
- Mazisetyenziselwe ukwakha intsingiselo yesincoko
- Masiqulathe umxholo omnye okanye umba omnye
- Amagatya asetyenziswe ngokufanelekileyo
- Isithethi okanye ijelo linye nenani labantu ekuthethwa nabo/ngabo
- Ugxininiso lubonakaliswa ngeendlela ngeendlela ukuquka ukusetyenziswa kwemizekelo
- Uthelekiso okanye uchaso lucace gca apha kuyimfuneko

### **ICANDELO A: IZINCOKO**

Khetha isincoko sibe SINYE kwezi zilandelayo ubhale ngaso isincoko. Bhala amagama angama-340 ukuya kuma-390 kwisincoko ngasinye.

### Imiyalelo

- Kulindeleke ukuba umlingwa abhale isincoko esiNYE.
- Amanqaku makanikwe ngokwezimvo zomlingwa.
- Mazamkelwe izimvo ezhambelanayo nesihloko nokuba azingqinelani nezakho titshala.
- Sebenzisa isikali sokuhlola izincoko esimanqaku angama-50.

### **QAPHELA**

- Amanqaku abekwe ngezantsi apha kwihihloko ngasinye sisikhokelo esikrobisa utitshala kwindlela abanokuthi abafundi basitolike ngayo isihloko.
- Abafundi basenokuba nezabo iingongoma ezahluke geqe kwezi zibekwe ngezantsi.
- Impendulo zabafundi mazinikwe ingqwalaseloyodwa ngokwendlela ezibekwe ngayo.

## UMBUZO 1

1.1 Indlela abantu abadala abaziphatha ngayo inafuthe lini kwizimilo zolutsha?

Bhala isincoko uveze izimvo zakho.

- Isincoko esichazayo/esiqiqayo/esibalisayo/esicamngcayo.
  - Umbhali uchaza umba othile.
  - Kufuneka umfundu abe nolwazi namava ngesihloko.
  - Ezi ngongoma zilandelayo yimizekelo abanokunyathela kuyo.
- (i) Amanqaku entshayebole anika imbalana emfutshane ngesiganeko, ixesha esenzeke ngaso, nendawo.
  - (ii) Kumanqaku esiqu, umlingwa unokuveza imizekelo yolutsha oluziphethe kakuhle kuba lubukele imizekelo yabadala abaziphethe kakuhle.
  - (iii) Makaveze imizekelo yabantu abadala abangeyomizekelo nendlela abalonakalisa ngayo ikamva lolutsha.
  - (iv) Amazwi esihloko makawangenise ngendale eyiyo, asithele thsuphe ngemizekelo emihle nemibi abadala abayibonisayo nefuthe layo kulutsha.

Eli nqaku liya kukhokelela kwisiphelo sesincoko.

[50]

## OKANYE

1.2 Into yokuzala kolutsha iliqhayiya nebhongo kule mihla. Bhala isincoko uveze izimvo zakho ngalo mba nendlela ekungaguqulwa ngayo indlela olucinga ngayo ulutsha.

- Isincoko esicamngcayo sinokuchaza okanye sibe sesiqiqisayo.
- (i) Umfundu unokukhankanya into eyayisenzeka mandulo kulutsha olufumana abantwana lusesezikolweni. Angayikhankanya nemithetho etshintshe imeko.
  - (ii) Unokunika imizekelo yokwenzeka kule mihla ngalo mba.
  - (iii) Unokuvelela nezinto eziguqule imeko, yayile iyiyo ngoku.
  - (iv) Ubungozi ulutsha olunokuhlangana nabo ngenxa yokuzala phambi kwexesha nabo angabukhankanya.
  - (v) Makacebise ngezinto ezinokwenziwa ukuze ulutsha lubuyise unyawo, lubonise nentlonelo.

[50]

## OKANYE

1.3 Abahlali bawuthathela ezandleni umthetho, babulala bonzakalise abaphuli-mthetho.

- Isincoko esixoxayo/esichazayo/esiqiqisayo
  - (i) Umfundsi kufuneka aqonde, kwakhona akwazi ukucingisisa nokucamngca ngalo mba nangendlela ebonakalisa ulwazi.
  - (ii) Okubhaliweyo kufuneka kucace, kubonakalise ingqiqo, kwakhona kubhalwe ngendlela engabonakalisi kuqhutywa luluvo lwakhe umbhali.
  - (iii) Kufuneka kunikwe iinkcazelo ezizolileyo, ezicingingisiswe zaxhaswa kakuhle.
  - (iv) Ithoni kufuneka ingabonakalisi kuchukumiseka, iqinisekise kodwa ibe ingazithobi.
  - (v) Umfundsi angabonisa uluvo lwakhe ekupheleni kwesincoko, oku kufuneka kwensiwe kwisiphelo sesincoko.
  - (vi) Unokuveza nobungozi bokuthathela umthetho ezandleni zakho.
  - (vii) Angayiveza nento yokuba ukubuyisa ububi ngobubi akulunganga.
  - (viii) Ubungozi abahlali abazifaka kubo nabo angabuvelela.

[50]

### OKANYE

1.4 Bhala isincoko esiphuhlisa le ntetho, “Indaba yotyelo ayikholi”.

- Isincoko esichazayo/esibalisayo/esicamngcayo.
  - (i) Ukutolika isihloko ngendlela.
  - (ii) Ukubhala intshayebole nemiba eqiqiweyo yomxholo.
  - (iii) Angabalisa ngesiganeko apho athe wafuna ukuzibonela ngokwakhe into anganeli kukubaliselwa.
  - (iv) Amava nemfundiso ayifumeneyo ehambelana nesi sihloko.
  - (v) Isiphelo esihambelana nesihloko.

[50]

### OKANYE

1.5 Xa ndinokuba nzima/ndenze nzima intombi ndisafunda, kuhlutshekwa ekhaya ndingenaye nomntu wokundijongela umntwana? Bhala isincoko ngale meko uzibona ugaxeleta kuyo/uzifake kuyo nendlela ongazikhupha ngayo.

- (i) Isincoko esixoxayo/esichazayo/esiqiqayo
- (ii) Utolika ngendlela isincoko.
- (iii) Umfundi unika ulovo lwakhe.
- (iv) Angawavelela namalungelo akhe kunye nawosana olo lungekazalwa.
- (v) Makayibeke icace into aza kuyenza ngosana olungekazalwa. [50]

### **OKANYE**

1.6 Amapolisa abulawa umhla nezolo ukanti nabahlali bayabulawa bonzakaliswe ngamapolisa. Bhala isincoko ngesi sihloko utsho kuvokothetheke.

- Isincoko esiqiqisayo/esichazayo/esicamngcayo.
- (i) Umfundi makabonise ulwazi oluphangaleleyo ngesihloko.
- (ii) Umfundi wesincoko usenokungabi nalwazi luthe ngqo ngesihloko, kulindeleke ukuba acacise nayiphi na imiba enokungaqheleki.
- (iii) Masibhalwe kwixesha langoku.
- (iv) Umlingwa unokuveza oonobangela balo mkhuba wokubulawa kwamapolisa.
- (v) Unokunika imizekelo yeziganeko ezibangelwe ngulo mkhuba achaze gabalala indlela ochaphazela ngayo iintsapho noluntu jikelele.
- (vi) Makaze nemizekelo yabahlali ababulewe ngamapolisa avelele nezizathu zoko.
- (vii) Angachaphazela amalungelo amapolisa, nawabahlali.
- (viii) Angeza nezisombululo zale ngxaki. [50]

### **OKANYE**

- 1.7 - Abalingwa bangawubona umfanekiso ngeendlela ezahlukeneyo.  
 - Umlingwa makaqiniseke okokuba akubhalayo kuyangqinelana nomfanekiso.  
 - Makaqiniseke okokuba isincoko singomfanekiso okanye akubhalayo kunxulumene nawo.  
 - Umvavanyi naye makaqiniseke ukuba isihloko esinikwe ngumlingwa sihamba nomfanekiso.  
 - Umfundu usenokuthetha ngezandyondyo zemvula.  
 - Angachaphazela ukonakalelwu koluntu ngexa lezandyondyo zemvula.  
 - Angathetha nangokuhlupheka kwamahlwempu zakuna iimvula ngokuggithisileyo. [50]
- 1.8 Isincoko esiqiqisayo sinokubalisa, sinokuchaza sibonise ucamngco. Ngokujonga lo mfanekiso umlingwa anganeenkumbulo, angachulumanca kanti anganeminqweno. Umlingwa unokuchaza imizekelo exhasayo.
- Umfundu angaveza ukubaluleka kokuba neegadi zemifuno ezikolweni.
  - Angaveza nokubaluleka kokuzibandakanya kolutsha kwimiba eluncedo esikolweni.
  - Angavelela nokubaluleka kokufundiswa kolutsha ngabadala ukunonophela iigadi.
- [50]

**AMANQAKU ECANDELO A:** 50

## **ICANDELO B: IMIHLATHANA EMIDE**

### **UMBUZO 2**

Umlingwa ukhetha umhlathana omde ube MNYE kule uyinikiwego. Ubude mabube ngama-100 ukuya kwali-120.

#### **2.1 ILETA YOBULHOBO**

Umhlobo wakho uqalisa ukungalawuleki, uthetha unothanda kumama wakhe. Mbhalele ileta umbonise ukuxabiseka komzalikazi kwanendlela esinokuyonakalisa ngayo impilo kanina isimo sakhe esigwenxa. [30]

- (i) Ileta mayibhekiswe kumhlobo womlingwa.
- (ii) Makuqatshelwe le miba kwimo yeleta:
  - Idilesi yombhali
  - Umhla nekhowudi yendawo
  - Isibuliso
  - Intshayelelo enomdla
- (iii) Isiqu sakhiwa sibe yimihlathi.

Ulwimi, isimbo, ithoni, nerejista, mazifanele ileta yobuhlobo.

### UMXHOLO

- (iv) Unokucebisa umhlobo wakho ngendlela elungileyo yokuphatha umzali wakhe.
- (v) Ungambonisa nobungozi anokuzibona ekubo xa enokuyekwa aziphathe.
- (vi) Angamcebisa nangendawo anokuya kuzo zokululeka umntu ngokwasengqondweni.
- Isiphelo esifanelekileyo

[30]

### OKANYE

#### 2.2 INQAKU ELIYA KUMHLELI

Bhala inqaku eliya kumhleli ukhuphe ulovo lwakho malunga nokubaluleka kokufaka abafundi bebanga leshumi elinanye kumaphulo okuphucula iziphumo zebanga leshumi elinambini. Kulindeleke ukuba umlingwa achaphazele ezi zinto zilandelayo:

- (i) Isihloko masitsale iliso lomfundu.
- (ii) Inqaku malivuselele ingxoxo.
- (iii) Ithoni yenondiliseko.
- (iv) Isakhiwo

[30]

### OKANYE

#### 2.3 ISIVI

Iphephandaba, 'Imvo Zabantsundu' libhengeza isithuba somsebenzi. Bhala isivi yakho uyithumele, uzifake zonke iinkukacha ezifunekayo.

[30]

- (i) Umfundi makaveze iinkukacha ngaye (igama lakho, idilesi, iinombolo zakho zomnxeba nezinto ozithandayo).
- (ii) Inkukacha ngemfundo yakho (amabanga aphantsi naphezulu ndawonye namabanga owaphumeleleyo).
- (iii) Limbasa/izipho/ibhasari okhe waziphumelela.
- (iv) Izakhono zakho kwezoshishino.
- (v) Amava akho empangelo.
- (vi) Izinto ozithandayo.
- (vii) Abantu abanokunika ulwazi ngawe.

[30]

## OKANYE

### 2.4 IMEMORANDAM

Ningabafundi bebanga leshumi elinanye nizibona ningamakheswa kwakufikelela kumalungiselelo etheko lokuthi ndlela-ntle kubafundi bebanga leshumi elinambini. Nonyule unobhala ukuba abhalele inqununu imemorandum echaza inxaxheba eninokuyithabatha ukwenza olu suku lube yimpumelelo, nendlela eninokuncedisana ngayo nabaququzeleli beli theko.

(i) Umlingwa uya kuchaphazela ezi zinto zilandelayo.

- Iya kubani, ivela kubani.
- Umhla
- Isihloko somcimbi
- Umcimbi

[30]

**AMANQAKU ECANDELO B:** 30

### ICANDELO C: IMIHLATHANA EMIFUTSHANE

#### UMBUZO 3

Qaphela akukho manqaku anikwayo ngemizobo.

#### 3.1 IPOWUSTA

Bhala ipowusta wazise ngomnyhadala wezenkcubeko oza kubanjelwa kwibala lebhola ekhatywayo lesixeko senu.

[20]

- Okubhaliwego makucace.
- Qaphela ukuba ujolise koobani ngale powusta.
- Makunike umdla okubhaliwego.
- linkcukacha mazivelelwwe zonke.

[20]

#### 3.2 I-IMEYILE

Thumela i-imeyile kumhlobo wakho ummemele kwitheko lesikhumbuzo somhla wakho wokuzalwa.

- Igama nedilesi ye-imeyile yalowo/abo ubathumelelayo, umzekelo vela.wena@gmail.com
- Abanye abantu ekuthunyelwa kubo xa kuyimfuneko.
- Isihloko somyalezo. Isimemo setheko lokuzalwa.
- Isibuliso: umzekelo, Nkosikazi Ludidi.
- Umyalezo
- Isiphelo

[20]

### 3.3 IKHADI LESIMEMO

Akusentsuku zatywala abafundi bahlalele iimviwo zokuphela konyaka, njengosihlalo webhunga labafundi yila ikhadi lesimemo, umeme umntu ongumzekelo kuni aze kunikhuthaza ukuze nifunde ngokukhuthala nangokuzithemba.

[20]

- Ikhadi lesimemo malibe nomtsalane.
- Imifanekiso ekwisimemo mayihambelane neli theko bamenyelwa kulo abantu.
- Umhla, indawo kunye nexesha lokuqala kwetheko kubalulekile ukuba zibonakaliswe.
- linombolo zemfonomfono abanokuthi abantu bazisebenzise xa bephendula okanye xa benemibandela abafuna ukuyiqonda mazibhalwe.
- Isimemo masicoceke sicace, sifundeke.
- Ulwimi (irejista) malufaneleke.
- limpawu zokubhala (igrama, upelo, iziphumlisi, ukwahlulwa kwamagama mazichaneke).
- Impendulo

[20]

**AMANQAKU ECANDELO C:** 20

**AMANQAKU EWONKE:** 100

**ICANDELO A: ISINCOKO**

Iziqulathiso	Khowudi 7 Balaseleyo	Khowudi 6 Mfaneleko	Khowudi 5 Enomthamo	Khowudi 4 Anele	Khowudi3 Phakathi	Khowudi 2 Buthathaka	Khowudi 1 Bubbheteyebhetye
	80%-100%	70%-79%	60%-69%	50%-59%	40%-49%	30%-39%	00%-29%
UYILO NOMONGO	Ubungqina boyilo okanye bokuceba ekuveliseni isincoko esingenamakhwiniba nesiqqibeleyo.  Isincoko sibonakalisa Ukhwenco olunzulu ngesihloko.  lingcamango zivuthiwe, zikhokonxa iingcinga.	Ubungqina boyilo okanye bokuceba ekuveliseni isincoko esinobugcisa obuhle nobuqaqambileyo.  Isincoko sibonakalisa utolikeko oluchanekileyo lwesihloko.  lingcamango zinomdla zihlakaniphile zinomdla.	Ubungqina boyilo okanye bokuceba ekuveliseni isincoko esinomfaneleko nesilunge kakhulu.  Isincoko sibonakalisa utolikeko olvakalayo lwesihloko.  lingcamango zinomdla zeziqinisekisayo.	Ubungqina boyilo okanye bokuceba ekuveliseni isincoko esikwizinga eliphakathi nesinamateleneyo. Isiqualatho siqhelekile, sinesikhewu kunamatelwano.  lingcamango zinomdla zeziqinisekisayo.	Ubungqina boyilo okanye bokuceba ekuveliseni isincoko esingabekelwanga kakuhle. Isiqualatho simana ukungacaci kusilela unamatelwano.  lingcamango zinongophele, soloko kuphindaphindwa.	Ubungqina boyilo okanye bokuceba ekuveliseni isincoko esingabekelwanga kakuhle. Isiqualatho simana ukungacaci kusilela unamatelwano.  lingcamango zinongophele, soloko kuphindaphindwa.	Ubungqina boyilo okanye bokuceba ekuveliseni isincoko esibekelwelwe ngokutenxileyo.  Isincoko asikho mxholweni kwaye akukho namatelwano. lingcamango, uphinda-phindo nokunwenwela kude kwisihloko.
30	<b>24-30</b>	<b>21-23½</b>	<b>18-20½</b>	<b>15-17½</b>	<b>12-14½</b>	<b>9-11½</b>	<b>0-8½</b>
ULWIMI, ISIMBO NOKUHLELA	Isimbo, imvakalozwi nerejista zihambelana ngokuchanekileyo nangokufezekileyo nesihloko. Upelo, uqhawulo-magama, iziphumlisi nolwimi olusulungekileyo zisetyenziswe ngempumelelo enkulu nangokufanelekileyo.  Itekisi ayinazimposiso konke-konke kuba kwensiwa uvavanyo -fundo nohlelo.	Isimbo, imvakalozwi nerejista zihambelana ngokuchanekileyo nesihloko. Upelo, uqhawulo-magama, iziphumlisi nolwimi olusulungekileyo zisetyenziswe ngokuchanekileyo.  Itekisi engenamakhwiniba ngokupheleleyo kuba kwensiwe uvavanyo -fundo kune nohlelo.	Isimbo, imvakalozwi nerejista ihambelana nesihloko kumaxa amaninzi. Upelo, uqhawulo magama, iziphumlisi nolwimi zisetyenziswe ngokuchanekileyo kumaxa amaninzi. Uchongo magama oluhambelana netekisi. Ubukhulu betekisi abunazimposiso kuba kwensiwe uvavanyo-fundo kune nohlelo.	Isimbo, imvakalozwi nerejista ihambelana neemfuno zesihi gabalala. Upelo, uqhawulo-magama, iziphumlisi nolwimi zisetyenziswe ngokungachanekanga. Uchongo magama luphakathi itekisi ineziphosu ezininzi kuba kwensiwe uvavanyo-fundo nohlelo.	Isimbo, imvakalozwi nerejista ibusilela kunamatelwano. Upelo, uqhawulo- magama, iziphumlisi nolwimi zisetyenziswe tenxileyo. Uchongo magama luyahexa.  Itekisi idlaka-dlaka ziimposiso nangona kwensiwe uvavanyo-fundo nohlelo.	Isimbo, imvakalozwi nerejista zihexa kakhulu. Upelo, uqhawulo-magama, iziphumlisi nolwimi zisetyenziswe tenxileyo. Uchongo magama luyahexa.  Itekisi idlaka-dlaka ziimposiso nangona kwensiwe uvavanyo-fundo nohlelo.	Isimbo, imvakalozwi nerejista zinobubheteyebhetye kuzo zonke iinkalo. Upelo, uqhawulo magama, iziphumlisi nolwimi zisetyenziswe tenxileyo ngokuggithisileyo. Uchongo lwamagama luhex kakhulu. Itekisi idlakadlaka ziimposiso kwaye ziyabhidisa nasemva kovavanyo-fundo nohlelo.
15	<b>12-15</b>	<b>10½-11 ½</b>	<b>9-10</b>	<b>7½-8½</b>	<b>6-7</b>	<b>4½- 5½</b>	<b>0-4</b>

	COGNITIVE LEVELS								PF 3		PF4		AMANQAKU EWONKE		
		Literal	Inference	Reorganisation	Evaluation	Appreciation	lindidi zezincoko		G H2	G H3	G H1	G H2			
1	1.1				[50]		Esichazayo/ esiqiqisayo/ esicamngcayo/ esibalisyayo.		2.1 2.2 2.6	3.3 3.4 3.5 3.6	1.1	2.5 2.7 2.9 2.10 2.11			
	1.2	[50]					Esixoxayo/ esichazayo/ esicamngcayo esiqiqisayo.		2.1 2.2 2.6	3.3 3.4 3.5 3.6	1.1	2.5 2.7 2.9 2.10 2.11			
	1.3		[50]				Esixoxayo/ esichazayo/ esiqiqisayo		2.1 2.2 2.6	3.3 3.4 3.5 3.6	1.1	2.5 2.7 2.9 2.10 2.11			
	1.4				[50]		Esichazayo/ esibalisyayo/ esicamngcayo		2.1 2.2 2.6	3.3 3.4 3.5 3.6	1.1	2.5 2.7 2.9 2.10 2.11			
	1.5			[50]			Esichazayo/ esixoxayo/ esiqiqisayo		2.1 2.2 2.6	3.3 3.4 3.5 3.6	1.1	2.5 2.7 2.9 2.10 2.11			
	1.6		[50]				Esiqiqisayo/ esichazayo/ esicamngcayo		2.1 2.2 2.6	3.3 3.4 3.5 3.6				[50]	
	1.7						Ezibonwayo		2.2	3.3					
	1.8						Ezibonwayo		2.2	3.3					

Amanqaku anokusetyenziswa xa kukorekishwa izincoko:

ISIQULATHISO	AMANQAKU	ISITSHIXO												
A. UYILO NOMONGO	30													
B. ULWIMI, ISIMBO NOKUHLELA	15													
C. ISAKHIWO/IMO	5	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>A</th><th>B</th><th>C</th><th>EWONKE</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0 – 30</td><td>0 – 15</td><td>0 – 5</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>30</td><td>15</td><td>5</td><td>50</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	A	B	C	EWONKE	0 – 30	0 – 15	0 – 5		30	15	5	50
A	B	C	EWONKE											
0 – 30	0 – 15	0 – 5												
30	15	5	50											
<b>Amanqaku ewonke</b>	<b>50</b>													

## ICANDELO B: IMIHLATHANA EMIDE

Iziqulathiso	Khowudi 7 Balaseleyo	Khowudi 6 Mfaneleko	Khowudi 5 Enomthamo	Khowudi 4 Anele	Khowudi3 Phakathi	Khowudi 2 Buthathaka	Khowudi 1 Bubhetyebhetye
	<b>80%-100%</b>	<b>70%-79%</b>	<b>60%-69%</b>	<b>50%-59%</b>	<b>40%-49%</b>	<b>30%-39%</b>	<b>00%-29%</b>
UYILO UMONGO NESAKHIWO/ IMO	Ubungqina bokuceba uyilo luvelise itekisi engenazimpazamo  Imihlathi ibonakalisa ukhwenco olunzulu ngesihloko. lingcamango zivuthiwe, zixhokonxa iingcinga. Izivakalisi nemihlathi zakhiwe ngokunamatheleneyo	Ubungqina bokuceba uyilo luvelise itekisi engenazimpazamo kwaye bukwavelisa itekisi eyakhiwe ngokupheleleyo. Imihlathi ibonakalisa utolikeko oluchanekileyo lwesihloko. lingcamango zihlakaniphile, zinomdla. Izivakalisi nemihlathi zinongqinelwano kwaye zahlukahlkene.	Ubungqina bokuceba uyilo luvelise itekisi eyanelisayo. Imihlathi ibonakalisa utolikeko olwanelisayo lwesihloko. lingcamango ziqhelekile, ziyafilela ngobunzulu. Izivakalisi nemihlathi zithande ukuba namakhwiniba kwiindawana ezithile kodwa isincoko sona sinembadla.	Ubungqina bokuceba uyilo luvelise itekisi eyanelisayo. Imihlathi ibonakalisa utolikeko olwanelisayo lwesihloko. lingcamango zinomdla, zeziqinisekisayo. Izivakalisi nemihlathi zakhiwe kakuhle	Ubungqina bokuceba uyilo luvelise itekisi ephakathi kwaye bukwavelise itekisi eyakhiwe ngokulindelekileyo. Isiqulatho siqhelekile, sinezikhewu kunamathelwano. lingcamango uninzi lwazo zinxulumene. Izivakalisi nemihlathi zineemposiso kodwa iingcamango ziyalandeleka.	Uyilo okanye ucebo alwanelisi kwaphela. Itekisi ayibekelwanga kakuhle. Isiqulatho simana ukungacaci kusilela unamathelwano. lingcamango zinqongopheli, soloko kuphindap- hindwa. Izivakalisi nemihlathi zakhiwe buthathaka.	Uyilo okanye ucebo alukho, itekisi ibekelelwange ngokutenxileyo. Imihlathi ayikho mxholweni. Akukho lunamathelwano. lingcamango uphindaphindwo nokunwenwela kude kwisihloko. Izivakalisi nemihlathi zinobubhutyubhutyu azingqinelani.
18	<b>14½-18</b>	<b>13-14</b>	<b>11-12½</b>	<b>9-10½</b>	<b>7½-8½</b>	<b>5½-7</b>	<b>0-5</b>
ULWIMI, ISIMBO NOKUHLELA	Isimbo, imvakalozwi nerejista zisulungeke ngokuchanekileyo nangokufezekileyo nesihloko. Upelo, uqhawulo-magama, iziphumlisi nolwimi olusulungekileyo zisetyenziswe ngokuchanekileyo. Itekisi ayinazimposiso konke-konke kuba kwensiwa uvavanyo- fundo nohlelo.	Isimbo, imvakalozwi nerejista zihambelana ngokuchanekileyo nesihloko. Upelo, uqhawulo-magama, iziphumlisi nolwimi olusulungekileyo zisetyenziswe ngokuchanekileyo.  Itekisi engenamakhwiniba ngokupheleleyo kuba kwensiwe uvavanyo- fundo kunye nohlelo.	Isimbo, imvakalozwi nerejista ihambelana nesihloko kumaxa amaninzi. Upelo, uqhawulo-magama, iziphumlisi nolwimi zisetyenziswe ngokuchanekileyo kumaxa amaninzi. Uchongo magama oluhambelana netekisi.	Isimbo, imvakalozwi nerejista ibusilela neemfuno zesihloko gabalala. Upelo, uqhawulo-magama, iziphumlisi nolwimi ziqhelekile kwaye zisetyenziswe ngokungachanekanga. Uchongo magama luphakathi.	Isimbo, imvakalozwi nerejista zihexa kakhu. Upelo, uqhawulo- magama, iziphumlisi nolwimi ziqhelekile kwaye zisetyenziswe ngokungachanekanga. Uchongo magama luphakathi.	Isimbo, imvakalozwi nerejista zihexa kakhu. Upelo, uqhawulo- magama, iziphumlisi nolwimi ziqhelekile kwaye zisetyenziswe ngokungachanekanga. Uchongo magama luphakathi.	Isimbo, imvakalozwi nerejista zihexa kakhu. Upelo, uqhawulo- magama, iziphumlisi nolwimi ziqhelekile kwaye zisetyenziswe ngokungachanekanga. Uchongo magama luphakathi.
12	<b>10-12</b>	<b>8½-9½</b>	<b>7½-8</b>	<b>6-7</b>	<b>5-5½</b>	<b>4-4½</b>	<b>0-3</b>



Amanqaku anokusetyenziswa xa kukorekishwa imihlathana emide:

ISIQULATHISO	AMANQAKU	ISITSHIXO									
A. UYILO NOMONGO	18										
B. ULWIMI, ISIMBO NOKUHLELA	12	<table border="1"><thead><tr><th>A</th><th>B</th><th>EWONKE</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>0 – 18</td><td>0 – 12</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>18</td><td>12</td><td>30</td></tr></tbody></table>	A	B	EWONKE	0 – 18	0 – 12		18	12	30
A	B	EWONKE									
0 – 18	0 – 12										
18	12	30									
<b>Amanqaku ewonke</b>	<b>30</b>										

## ICANDELO C: IMIHLATHANA EMIFUTSHANE

Iziqulathiso	<b>Khowudi 7 Balaseleyo</b>	<b>Khowudi 6 Mfaneleko</b>	<b>Khowudi 5 Enomthamo</b>	<b>Khowudi 4 Anele</b>	<b>Khowudi 3 Phakathi</b>	<b>Khowudi 2 Buthathaka</b>	<b>Khowudi 1 Bubhetyebhetye</b>
	<b>80%-100%</b>	<b>70%-79%</b>	<b>60%-69%</b>	<b>50%-59%</b>	<b>40%-49%</b>	<b>30%-39%</b>	<b>00%-29%</b>
UYILO UMONGO NESAKHIWO/ IMO	Ubungqina bokuceba uyilo luvelise itekisi engenazimpazamo.  Imihlathi ibonakalisa ukhwenco olunzulu ngesihloko. lingcamango zivuthiwe, zixhokonxa iingcinga. Izivakalisi nemihlathi zakhiwe ngokunamathelenyo.	Ubungqina bokuceba uyilo luvelise itekisi engenazimpazamo kwaye bukwavelisa itekisi eyakhiwe ngokupheleleyo. Imihlathi ibonakalisa utolikeko oluvakalayo Iwesihloko. lingcamango zihlakaniphile, zinomdla. Izivakalisi nemihlathi zinongqinelwano kwaye zahlukahlukene.	Ubungqina bokuceba uyilo luvelise itekisi eyakhiwe ngokuncomekayo.  Imihlathi ibonakalisa utolikeko oluvakalayo Iwesihloko. lingcamango ziqhelekile, ziyasilela ngobunzulu. Izivakalisi nemihlathi zithande ukuba namakhwiniba kwiindawana ezithile kodwa umhlathana wona unembadla.	Ubungqina bokuceba uyilo luvelise itekisi eyanelisayo.  Imihlathi ibonakalisa utolikeko olwanelisayo Iwesihloko. lingcamango ziqhelekile, ziyasilela ngobunzulu. Izivakalisi nemihlathi zithande ukuba namakhwiniba kwiindawana ezithile kodwa umhlathana wona unembadla.	Ubungqina bokuceba uyilo luvelise itekisi ephakathi kwaye bukwavelise itekisi eyakhiwe ngokulindelekileyo.  Isiqulatho sighelkile, sinezikhewu kunamathelwano. lingcamango uninzi Iwazo zinxulumene.  Izivakalisi nemihlathi zineemposiso kodwa iingcamango ziyalandeleka.	Uyilo okanye ucebo alwanelisi kwaphela. Itekisi ayibekelwelwanga kakuhle.  Isiqulatho simana ukungacaci kusilela unamathelwano.  lingcamango: zingongophele, soloko kuphindaphindwa.  Izivakalisi nemihlathi zakhiwe buthathaka.	Uyilo okanye ucebo alukho, itekisi ibekelwelwe ngokutenxileyo.  Imihlathi ayikho mxholweni. Akukho lunamatelwano.  lingcamango uphindaphindwo nokunwenwela kude kwisihloko.  Izivakalisi nemihlathi zinobubhutyubhutyu azingqinelani.

12	<b>10-12</b>	<b>8½-9½</b>	<b>7½-8</b>	<b>6-7</b>	<b>5-5½</b>	<b>4-4½</b>	<b>0-3</b>
ULWIMI, ISIMBO NOKUHLELA	Isimbo, imvakalozwi nerejista zisulungeke ngokuchanekileyo nangokufezekileyo nesihloko. Upelo, uqhawulo magama, iziphumlisi nolwimi olusulungekileyo zisetyenziswe ngempumelelo enkulu nangokufanelekileyo. Itekisi ayinazimposiso konke konke kuba kwensiwa uvavanyo-fundo nohlelo.	Isimbo, imvakalozwi nerejista zihambelana ngokuchanekileyo nesihloko. Upelo, uqhawulo-magama, iziphumlisi nolwimi olusulungekileyo zisetyenziswe ngokuchanekileyo. Itekisi engenamakhwiniba ngokupheleleyo kuba kwensiwe uvavanyo-fundo kunye nohlelo.	Isimbo, imvakalozwi nerejista ihambelana nesihloko kumaxa amaninzi. Upelo, uqhawulo-magama, iziphumlisi nolwimi zisetyenziswe ngokuchanekileyo kumaxa amaninzi. Uchongo magama oluhambelana netekisi.	Isimbo, imvakalozwi nerejista ihambelana neemfuno zesihloko gabalala. Upelo, uqhawulo-magama, iziphumlisi nolwimi ziqhelekile kwaye zisetyenziswe ngokungachanekanga. Uchongo magama luhakathi.	Isimbo, imvakalozwi nerejista ibusilela kunamatelwano. Upelo, uqhawulo-magama, iziphumlisi nolwimi ziqhelekile kwaye zisetyenziswe ngokungachanekanga. Uchongo magama luyahexa. Nangona kwensiwe uvavanyo-fundo kunye nohlelo.	Isimbo, imvakalozwi nerejista zihexa kakhulu. Upelo, uqhawulo-magama, iziphumlisi nolwimi zisetyenziswe tenxileyo. Uchongo magama luhexa kakhulu. Itekisi idlakadlaka ziimposiso kwaye ziyabhidisa nasemva kovavanyo kunye nohlelo.	Isimbo, imvakalozwi nerejista zinobubhetyebhetye kuzo zonke iinkalo. Upelo, uqhawulo-magama, iziphumlisi nolwimi zisetyenziswe tenxileyo ngokugqithisileyo. Uchongo Iwamagama luhexa kakhulu. Itekisi idlakadlaka ziimposiso kwaye ziyabhidisa nasemva kovavanyo kunye nohlelo.
8	<b>6½-8</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>5½</b>	<b>4-4½</b>	<b>3½</b>	<b>2½-3</b>	<b>0-2</b>

QUESTIONS		COGNITIVE LEVELS						PF3			PF4		AMANQAKU EWONKE
		Literal	Inference	Reorganisation	Evaluation	Appreciation	Imihlathana emifutshane	G H1	G H2	G H3	G H1	G H2	
3	3.1			[20]			Ipowusta	1.3 1.8	2.3 2.4 2.6	3.3 3.5	1.1	2.1 2.5 2.7 2.10	
	3.2			[20]			I-imeyile	1.3 1.8	2.2 2.3	3.3 3.5 3.8	1.1		
	3.3		[20]				Isimemo	1.3 1.8	2.2 2.3	3.3 3.5 3.8	1.1	2.1 2.5 2.7	
	<b>Total</b>												[20]

Amanqaku anokusetyenziswa xa kukorekishwa imihlathana emifutshane:

ISIQULATHISO	AMANQAKU	ISITSHIXO									
A. UYILO NOMONGO	12										
B. ULWIMI, ISIMBO NOKUHLELA	8	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>A</th> <th>B</th> <th>EWONKE</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0 – 12</td> <td>0 – 8</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>12</td> <td>8</td> <td>20</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	A	B	EWONKE	0 – 12	0 – 8		12	8	20
A	B	EWONKE									
0 – 12	0 – 8										
12	8	20									
<b>Amanqaku ewonke</b>	<b>20</b>										