



Province of the
EASTERN CAPE
EDUCATION

**NATIONAL
SENIOR CERTIFICATE**

GRADE 12

SEPTEMBER 2021

RELIGION STUDIES P1

MARKS: 150

TIME: 2 hours

This question paper consists of 15 pages.

INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION

1. The question paper consists of SECTION A and SECTION B.
2. SECTION A: COMPULSORY
SECTION B: Answer ANY TWO questions in this section.
3. Read ALL the questions carefully.
4. Start EACH answer on a NEW page.
5. The length of your answers must be in accordance with the marks allocated to each question.
6. Number the answers correctly according to the numbering system used in this question paper.
7. Write neatly and legibly.

SECTION A**QUESTION 1**

1.1 Various options are provided as possible answers to the following questions. Choose the answer and write only the letter (A–D) next to the question numbers (1.1.1–1.1.10) in the ANSWER BOOK, for example 1.1.11 D.

1.1.1 To establish communication with their ancestors, worshippers of the African Traditional Religion must engage in ...

- A stories.
- B rituals.
- C miracles.
- D ubuntu. (1)

1.1.2 The Tao is

- A the universe.
- B the path of the universe.
- C oscillation.
- D All the above-mentioned. (1)

1.1.3 The mystical dimension of Islam is often called ...

- A a trance.
- B Shi'ism.
- C Sufism.
- D Zakaat/Zakat. (1)

1.1.4 The founder of Taoism was ...

- A Tao-te Ching.
- B Buddha.
- C Chuang-Tzu.
- D Lao-tzu. (1)

1.1.5 The oldest of all the Hindu schools is ...

- A Shaktism.
- B Vaishnavism.
- C Smartas.
- D Shaivism. (1)

- 1.1.6 A ritual based on Jesus' last meal is ...
- A the Eucharist.
 - B Christmas.
 - C Easter.
 - D the Passover.
- (1)
- 1.1.7 ... is a worldview based solely on human reasoning.
- A Socialism
 - B Natural Sciences
 - C Secularism
 - D Enlightenment
- (1)
- 1.1.8 Zen Buddhism originated
- A in Iran.
 - B from Therevada Buddhism.
 - C from Hinduism.
 - D from Mahayana Buddhism.
- (1)
- 1.1.9 Catholics attend church services called the ...
- A hajj.
 - B Mass.
 - C Holy Communion.
 - D Mitzvot.
- (1)
- 1.1.10 A teaching not common to Judaism:
- A Giving charity
 - B Belief in the afterlife
 - C Belief in the ancestors
 - D The Sabbath
- (1)

- 1.2 Choose an item from COLUMN B that matches an item in COLUMN A. Write only the letter (A–H) next to the question numbers (1.12.1–1.12.6) in the ANSWER BOOK, for example 1.2.7 I. Do NOT use any letter more than ONCE.

COLUMN A		COLUMN B	
1.2.1	Hinduism	A	the belief that every action has an effect on the state of the soul and the chance of gaining moksha
1.2.2	Bhagavad Gita	B	Zikr is one of the important rituals whereby the believer encounters God through meditation
1.2.3	Sufism	C	attained through a lifetime of wisdom and practice; not through inherent belief or faith
1.2.4	Law of Karma	D	provides some details of Jesus' life and teachings
1.2.5	Enlightenment	E	the central teachings are contained in the Tripitaka
1.2.6	Islam	F	a number of gods in a particular religion
		G	a famous spiritual text in Hinduism
		H	the Ten Commandments

(6 x 1) (6)

- 1.3 Choose the word in EACH list below that does NOT match the rest. Write down the word next to the question numbers (1.3.1–1.3.5) in the ANSWER BOOK and give a reason why it does NOT fit.

EXAMPLE: Red; Yellow; Circle; Blue

ANSWER: Circle

REASON: The other three are colours.

- 1.3.1 Ancestors; Clan; Ilimo; Ahimsa (2)
- 1.3.2 Baha'u'llah; Haifa; Kitáb-i-Aqdas; Abu Bakr (2)
- 1.3.3 Brahma; Vishnu; Nirvana; Shiva (2)
- 1.3.4 Talmud; Pentateuch; Lutheran; Torah (2)
- 1.3.5 Matthew; Mark; Jesus; John (2)

- 1.4 Complete the following sentences by filling in the missing word(s). Write only the word next to the question numbers (1.4.1–1.4.5) in the ANSWER BOOK. Choose your answer from the supplied list.

Worship; Arabic; Pali Canon; Tanach; Upanishads; Septuagint
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- 1.4.1 In Judaism the primary scriptures are collectively known as the ... (2)
- 1.4.2 The ... is a sacred text of Buddhism. (2)
- 1.4.3 African Traditional Religion does not have a special day of ... (2)
- 1.4.4 The Qur'an was written in the ... language. (2)
- 1.4.5 The ... are sacred texts of Hinduism. (2)
- 1.5 Indicate whether the statements are TRUE or FALSE. Write only 'true' or 'false' next to the question numbers (1.5.1–1.5.5) in the ANSWER BOOK. Give a reason if the answer is FALSE.
- 1.5.1 The Shi'a holy shrine of Karbala is in Iraq. (2)
- 1.5.2 In Judaism, the divine name of God is David. (2)
- 1.5.3 The sacred text of the Bahá'i faith was originally written in Greek. (2)
- 1.5.4 In the Taoist view, all of the world's processes originate from ten thousand things. (2)
- 1.5.5 The longest epic in Hinduism is the Vedas. (2)
- 1.6 Write ONE fact about EACH of the following:
- 1.6.1 The importance of meditation in Buddhism (2)
- 1.6.2 Baha'u'llah (2)

TOTAL SECTION A: 50

SECTION B

Answer any TWO questions in this section.

QUESTION 2

2.1 Read the extract below and answer the questions that follow.

RELIGIOUS UNIQUENESS

Religion can be a central part of one's identity. South Africa is called the Rainbow Nation. In South Africa the constitution protects freedom of religion. People are also encouraged to learn to respect different spiritual practices. However, each religion is unique, being the only one of its kind, unlike anything / any religion. The quality means it is unlike anything else of its kind or of being solitary in type or characteristics. The major faiths practiced in South Africa are Christianity, Islam, Hinduism, Traditional African Religion and Judaism.

[Adapted from www.dictionary.com]

2.1.1 Briefly define the term *identity* as it is used in Religion Studies. (4)

2.1.2 "South Africa is called the Rainbow Nation."

Explain the quotation in the context of religion. (4)

2.2 Choose ANY ONE religion and discuss THREE of its unique features. (3 x 2) (6)

2.3 Explain the understanding of African Traditional Religion towards the ancestors and their roles. (6)

2.4 Write down the common features that exist between Hinduism and Buddhism. (6)

2.5 Read the extract below and answer the questions that follow.

CORRUPTION REPORTERS

As a nation settled into a strict lockdown in March 2020, put in place to curb the spread of the novel coronavirus, President Cyril Ramaphosa made a promise to the public, that government would help those severely affected by the lockdown. It would protect the funds put in place to achieve this. These funds were allocated to bolster the medical response and assist the hungry and needy, social grantees and employees who lost their income, because of the pandemic and the regulations limiting economic activity.

It comes as no surprise that, during the pandemic, these funds were evidently misappropriated by some who could not resist the temptation.

Most of the allegations reported to Corruption Watch referred to employers either registering employees for TERS (Temporary Employer/Employee Relief Scheme), but not paying the employees when the pay-outs arrived, or companies claiming on behalf of employees but giving them only a fraction of the money due to them. Some unscrupulous businesses gave it as loans that their staff would have to pay back.

[Source: corruptionwatch.org.za]

2.5.1 Define the term *corruption*. (2)

2.5.2 According to President Cyril Ramaphosa, who was the most at risk during the pandemic? (2)

2.6 'Religion is often described as the source of morality.'

2.6.1 What do you understand by *morality*? (4)

2.6.2 Use at least TWO examples to demonstrate that morality comes from religion. (4)

2.7 Explain the concept *teaching* as it is used in Religion Studies. (4)

2.8 "Belief in a religion is not always based on what a sacred book teaches."

Define the term *belief* as it is used in the context of religion. (4)

2.9 Briefly explain the meaning of the following term:

Golden Rule (4)

[50]

QUESTION 3

Read the extract below and answer the questions that follow.

HOW THIS LOCAL HUMAN TRAFFICKING SURVIVOR TURNED HER LIFE AROUND

The 40-year-old woman from Cape Town lived with her father after her mother abandoned her at birth.

At age 18 ... "I got into prostitution and drugs. I met a girl who promised me a better life in Johannesburg. My friend left me inside the room and that was the last time I saw her."

"The following morning I was woken up with a kick in the stomach and undressed with eyes covered with a dark tape and injected with crystal meth. I was drugged and forced to sleep with many men."

She decided to survive on the streets of Joburg. During this time she operated from a brothel headed by a female pimp. She discovered that she was pregnant and knew she was not going to be allowed to carry the pregnancy to full term.

'I was admitted to a rehabilitation centre for a year. After the recovery process I went to work at a church. The pastor asked me to deliver drugs for him in Cape Town. I took the opportunity to go back home and never looked back', she says. She has been clean for years and helps young women, who are forced into prostitution, to find their way out. "Human trafficking is a booming business and until it is treated like any other criminal activity, it will not stop," she concludes.

[Extract taken from www.news24.com]

- 3.1 3.1.1 Explain what you understand with the term *human trafficking*. (2)
- 3.1.2 Write down any TWO human rights of the 40-year-old woman that were violated. (4)
- 3.1.3 From the extract give evidence how human traffickers find their victims. (4)
- 3.1.4 "The pastor asked me to deliver drugs."
- What do you think should be the role of faith leaders in ending human trafficking? (4)

3.2 'Human rights have always been an important part of religion.'

For each of the following religions, briefly discuss the teachings that promote human rights.

3.2.1 Christianity (4)

3.2.2 Islam (4)

3.2.3 African Traditional Religion (4)

3.3 "Human trafficking is a booming business ..."

Explain what is meant with this quotation. (4)

3.4 In the context of religion, explain the following concepts:

3.4.1 Comparability (4)

3.4.2 Similarities (4)

3.5 Describe the concept *myth* in the context of religion. (4)

3.6 Explain the role that parables play in religious teachings. (4)

3.7 Differentiate between a *doctrine* and *dogma*. (4)

[50]

QUESTION 4

- 4.1 Read the extract below and answer the questions that follow.

VIEWS FROM A RABBI, A PRIEST AND AN IMAM

Religious history was made in Abu Dhabi last year. *A Document on Human Fraternity* was signed by Pope Francis and Dr Ahmed Al Tayeb, the Grand Imam of Al-Azhar.

Christian view:

“Religion is still the foundational fact in the lives of most people” he said. By participating in a project like this, I think you’ll find that it will be led by young people effectively.

A Muslim view:

Sheikh Dr Fares Ali Mustafa, is an Imam and preacher. He’s passionate about religious inclusion and tolerance, encouraging people of all faiths to visit his organisation.

A Jewish view:

Rabbi Daniel Silverstein and Muslim education-cum-rapper Mohammad Yahya became friends in 2008 when they formed a hip-hop duo called, Lines of faith. This musical group is aimed to building community bonds ... also building trust within societies through dialogue and music.

[From africanews.com]

- 4.1.1 Quote ONE word from the extract which tells us that Sheikh Dr Mustafa is excited about religious involvement. (2)
- 4.1.2 Do you agree that closer ties among religions are necessary for securing a more just and peaceful world? Give reasons for your answer. (8)
- 4.1.3 What was the impact of Rabbi Daniel Silverstein and Mohammad Yahya’s musical group? (4)
- 4.1.4 Refer to the Christian view “Religion is still the foundational fact in the lives of most people.”
What does this quotation mean? (4)

- 4.2 Read the extract below and answer the questions that follow.

RELIGIOUS FREEDOM IN APARTHEID SOUTH AFRICA

When the National Party triumphed in the 1948 elections, Christianity existed with political power. The Preamble of the Constitution of South Africa declared that Christian values were to be upheld. For this reason, Lubbe (1986:116–117) argues the condition which existed in apartheid South Africa can be described as religious tolerance, rather than religious freedom.

The feeling among adherents of other religions that they are tolerated rather than fully free, says Lubbe (1986:117), stems from the general South African assumption that Christianity is superior to other religions.

[From uir.unisa.ac.za kilian.J]

- 4.2.1 Define the concept of *religious tolerance*. (2)
- 4.2.2 Do you think religious freedom was protected in South Africa before 1994? Give reasons for your answer. (8)
- 4.2.3 The following three organisations have been established to promote interreligious relationships. Choose ONE and discuss its functions in Africa.
- (a) The Programme for Christian-Muslim Relations in Africa (PROCMURA)
 - (b) The African Council of Religious Leaders (ACRL)
 - (c) The Interfaith Action for Peace in Africa (IFAPA) (8)
- 4.2.4 "... that they are tolerated rather than fully free."
- What does the current South African constitution say about religious freedom? (8)
- 4.3 Briefly discuss the disadvantages of a society having no religious freedom or tolerance. (6)
- [50]**

QUESTION 5

Read the extract below and answer the questions that follow.

FAKE PASTORS AND FALSE PROPHETS ROCK SOUTH AFRICAN FAITH

by Thuso Khumalo

Rape and fraud scandals involving fake pastors have prompted calls for the regulation of churches in South Africa. There have been a number of high-profile cases in recent months involving disgraced pastors.

President Cyril Ramaphosa has even got involved, urging South Africans to come together to curb bogus pastors.

Victims of alleged sexual abuse have detailed their experiences to the BBC and criticised the invulnerability of so-called men of God who use their position of authority as a cover for abuse.

This is just the latest in a series religious quackery that this country's citizens blindly and zealously follow.

Eating grass; being sprayed with insect poison, drinking petrol. In some churches accusations of human trafficking, abuse and rape are being investigated.

Others are under scrutiny for defrauding congregants who handed over hard-earned and not-so-meagre monies in the hope of a quick return that did not materialise.

While the congregants lose money in blind faith, these so-called pastors have private jets and drive multi-million rand cars.

It should not be tolerated!

[From www.bbc.com.]

- 5.1 5.1.1 Briefly explain what the heading of this article means. (2)
- 5.1.2 Why, do you think, has media coverage of religious issues increased sharply in recent years? (4)
- 5.1.3 From the article give TWO examples of the types of crimes these pastors/prophets are involved in. (4)
- 5.2 President Cyril Ramaphosa asked, "How can we work together to ensure that we rid our country of bogus religious leaders?"
- Give meaningful solutions to the question highlighted in the article. (6)

- 5.3 In your own words, what is meant by *quackery*? (2)
- 5.4 Read the following extract and answer the questions that follow.

**NIGERIAN LAND CONFLICT SHARPENED BY RELIGIOUS
DIVISIONS
13.02.2017**

- 1 Hundreds have been killed in Kaduna State, Nigeria in recent months in a long running conflict between farmers and semi-nomadic herdsmen. There is now a large police presence and curfews have been imposed in some districts. The pastor of the Bishara Baptist Church remembers the day when the crisis struck. "There were men who arrived on motorbikes. They opened fire on several local youth and killed three of them. Others were injured and had to be taken to hospital."
- 2 Nobody can say exactly how many people have died in this communal violence. Mohammed Bello Tukur, a lawyer, has been observing the conflict for many years. "He described it as complicated and multi-layered. There are concrete disputes about land usage, but there are also questions of ethnic identity as well."
- 3 A gasoline station in Southern Kaduna was destroyed in the communal violence. "The conflict also has religious dimensions", said Tukur. "Muslim groups are fighting Christian groups. They spread of lies and it is clear that they have a deep-seated hatred of us Muslims" Imam Kabir Kasam added.
- 4 He accuses the Christians of profiting from the conflict because it has brought them funding from international aid organisations but was unable to give DW any examples in support of this assertion. Imam Kasam says the killings in the region should be investigated. The hatred is being stoked on both sides. A preacher from the Omega Fire Ministries recently called on his followers to kill Fulani herdsmen.

[Adapted from DW.com]

- 5.4.1 State whether the above-mentioned conflict between the groups is intra-religious or interreligious conflict. Give reasons for your answer. (4)
- 5.4.2 "Muslim groups are fighting Christian groups."
What role can religious organisations play to prevent such conflict? (8)
- 5.4.3 Tukur described the conflict as "complicated and multi-layered".
What does this quotation mean? (4)
- 5.4.4 From the article, give the consequences of the conflict between the groups. (4)

5.5 Until recently it was argued that the conflict in Sudan is of a religious nature.

Do you agree? Give reasons for your answer. (8)

5.6 Refer to paragraph 4.

What is your view on the responses of Imam Kasam and the preacher from Omega Fire Ministries? (4)
[50]

TOTAL SECTION B: 100
GRAND TOTAL: 150