



# basic education

Department:  
Basic Education  
**REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA**

NATIONAL  
SENIOR CERTIFICATE/  
*NASIONALE  
SENIOR SERTIFIKAAT*

**GRADE/GRAAD 10**

**MATHEMATICS P2/WISKUNDE V2**

**NOVEMBER 2016**

**MEMORANDUM**

**MARKS/PUNTE: 100**

This memorandum consists of 15 pages.  
*Hierdie memorandum bestaan uit 15 bladsye.*

*Gofu*  
Nov 2016

DEPARTMENT OF BASIC EDUCATION PRIVATE BAG X856, PRETORIA 0001
2016 -11- 08
APPROVED MARKING GUIDELINE PUBLIC EXAMINATION

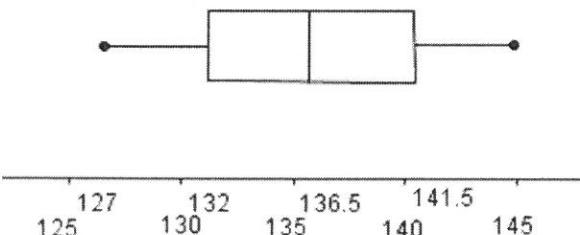
**NOTE:**

- If a candidate answered a question TWICE, mark only the FIRST attempt.
- If a candidate crossed out an answer and did not redo it, mark the crossed-out answer.
- Consistent accuracy applies to ALL aspects of the marking memorandum.
- Assuming values/answers in order to solve a problem is unacceptable.

**LET WEL:**

- As 'n kandidaat 'n vraag TWEE keer beantwoord het, sien slegs die EERSTE poging na.
- As 'n kandidaat 'n antwoord deurgehaal en nie oorgedoen het nie, sien die deurgehaalde antwoord na.
- Volgehoue akkuraatheid is op ALLE aspekte van die memorandum van toepassing.
- Dit is onaanvaarbaar om waardes/antwoorde te veronderstel om 'n probleem op te los.

**QUESTION 1/VRAAG 1**

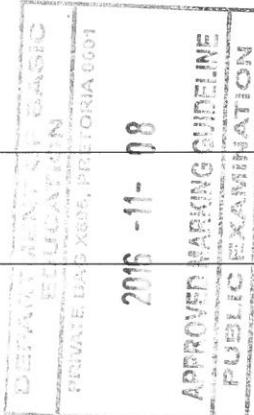
1.1	Median/Mediaan = $\frac{136+137}{2} = 136,5$	✓ answer/antwoord (1)
1.2.1	Mean/Gemiddelde = $\frac{2728}{20} = 136,4 \text{ cm}$	✓ 2728 ✓ answer/antwoord Answer only/ slegs antw 2/2 (2)
1.2.2	Range/Variasiewydte = $145 - 127 = 18 \text{ cm}$	✓ answer/antwoord (1)
1.2.3	Lower quartile/Onderste kwartiel = 132 Upper quartile/Boonste kwartiel = $141 \frac{1}{2}$  Interquartile range/IKO = $141 \frac{1}{2} - 132 = 9,5 \text{ cm}$	<p>✓ Lower quartile/Onderste kwartiel ✓ Upper quartile/Boonste kwartiel ✓ answer/antwoord</p> <p>Answer only full marks Slegs antw volpunte</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(3)</p>
1.3		<p>✓ median/min/max/ mediaan/min/maks</p> <p>✓ <math>Q_1</math> and/ en <math>Q_3</math></p> <p>CA from 1.1 &amp; 1.2.3 VA vanaf 1.1 &amp; 1.2.3</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(2) [9]</p>



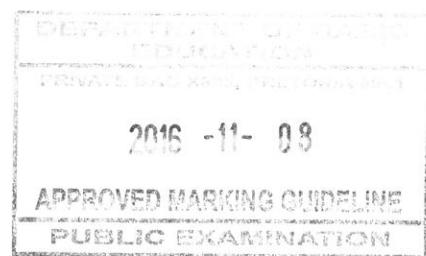
**QUESTION 2/VRAAG 2**

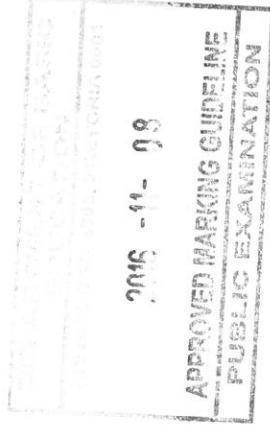
2.1	Modal class( <i>Module klas</i> ) $100 \leq x < 110$	✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> Do not penalise notation <i>Notasie word nie gepenaliseer nie</i> (1)
2.2	$110 \leq x < 120$	✓✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> Note: if learner identifies position of median only: 1/2 <i>Nota: Indien leerder slegs posisie van mediaan bepaal: 1/2</i> (2)
2.3	Estimate Mean IQ of students/ <i>Geskatte gemiddelde IK</i> $= \frac{3480}{30}$ $= 116$	✓ 3480 ✓ 30 ✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> CA on numerator only <i>VA slegs vir teller</i> Answer only/ <i>Slegs antw</i> 3/3 (3) [6]

**QUESTION 3/VRAAG 3**

3.1	$\begin{aligned} AB &= \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2} \\ &= \sqrt{(3 - 1)^2 + (6 - 1)^2} \\ &= \sqrt{29} \end{aligned}$  $\begin{aligned} AC &= \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2} \\ &= \sqrt{(6 - 1)^2 + (3 - 1)^2} \\ &= \sqrt{29} \end{aligned}$  $AB = AC$ $\therefore \Delta ABC \text{ is isosceles}/\text{gelykbenig}$		✓ corr. subst. in corr. formula/ <i>vervang in korrekte formule</i> ✓ distance/ <i>afstand</i> AB  ✓ subst. in corr. formula/ <i>vervang in korrekte formule</i>  ✓ $AB = AC$ or / of $\Delta ABC$ is isosceles / <i>gelykbenig</i>  Wrong formula 0/4 marks <i>Verkeerde formule 0/4</i> (4)
3.2.1	AD is parallel to the x-axis/ <i>AD parallel aan x-as</i> $\therefore A \text{ and } D \text{ have the same } y\text{-coordinates}/A \text{ en } D \text{ het dieselfde}$		

<p><i>y-koördinate</i>      But / maar <math>AD = 5</math> units/eenhede  <math>\therefore D(8 ; 5)</math>  <math>CD</math> is perpendicular to the <math>x</math>-axis/<math>CD</math> is loodreg op <math>x</math>-as</p> <p><math>\therefore C</math> and <math>D</math> have the same <math>x</math>-coordinate/<math>C</math> en <math>D</math> het dieselfde <math>x</math>-koördinate      But <math>C</math> lies on the <math>x</math>-axis./<math>C</math> lê op die <math>x</math>-as  <math>\therefore C(8 ; 0)</math></p> <p><b>Or any other valid explanation / of enige ander geldige rede</b></p>	<p>✓ explaining x-coordinate/  <math>x</math>-koördinaat verduidelik</p> <p>✓ explaining y-coordinate/  <math>y</math>-koördinaat verduidelik</p> <p>(2)</p>
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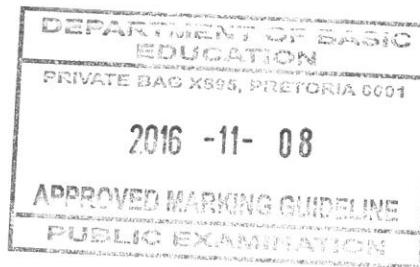


3.2.2	P is midpoint of AC the diagonals of the kite/ <i>P is middelpunt van AC, die hoeklyne van die vlieer</i>  $\therefore P \left( \frac{3+8}{2}; \frac{5+0}{2} \right)$ $P \left( \frac{11}{2}; \frac{5}{2} \right)$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ x-value/waarde</li> <li>✓ y-value/waarde</li> </ul> <p>(2)</p>
3.2.3.	B(-1 ; -4) D(8 ; 5)  $m_{BD} = \frac{5+4}{8+1}$ $= 1$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ substitution/vervang</li> <li>✓ answer/antwoord</li> </ul> <p>Answer only 2/2 Slegs antw 2/2</p> <p>(2)</p>
3.2.4	A(3 ; 5) & C(8 ; 0)  $AC = \sqrt{(0 - 5)^2 + (8 - 3)^2}$ $= \sqrt{50} \text{ or/of } 5\sqrt{2} \text{ or/of } 7,07$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ substitution/vervang</li> <li>✓ answer/antwoord</li> </ul> <p>(2)</p>
3.2.5	B(-1 ; -4) & D(8 ; 5) $BD = \sqrt{(5 + 4)^2 + (8 + 1)^2}$ $= \sqrt{162}$ $\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2} (\text{BD} \cdot \text{AC})$ $= \frac{1}{2} (\sqrt{162} \cdot \sqrt{50})$ $= 45$  OR / OF  B(-1 ; -4) & D(8 ; 5) $BD = \sqrt{(5 + 4)^2 + (8 + 1)^2}$ $= \sqrt{162}$  A(3 ; 5) & P(5,5 ; 2,5) $AP = \sqrt{(3 - 5,5)^2 + (5 - 2,5)^2}$ $= \frac{5\sqrt{2}}{2}$  Area ADCB = area $\Delta ABD$ + area $\Delta CBD$ $= 2 (0,5 \times BD \times AP)$ $= 2 \left( \frac{1}{2} \times \sqrt{162} \times \frac{5\sqrt{2}}{2} \right)$ $= 45$	 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ length/lengte BD</li> <li>✓ substitution in corr formula/vervang in korr formule</li> <li>✓ answer/antwoord</li> </ul> <p>correct area formula only 1/3 slegs korrekte areaformule 1/3</p> <p>(3)</p> <p><b>OR/OF</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ length/lengte BD</li> </ul>  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ length/lengte AP</li> </ul>  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ answer/antwoord</li> </ul> <p>[15]</p>

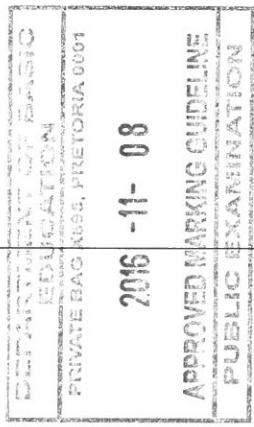
**QUESTION 4/VRAAG 4**

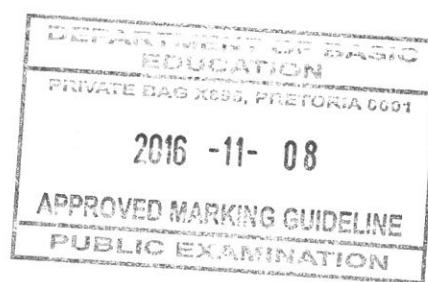
4.1.1(a)	$\frac{b}{c}$	✓ answer/antwoord (1)
4.1.1(b)	$\frac{a}{b}$	✓ answer/antwoord (1)
4.1.1(c)	$\frac{b}{c}$	✓✓ answer/antwoord 0 or / of 2 marks /punte (2)
4.1.2	$\tan\theta = \frac{a}{b}$ $\tan 50^\circ = \frac{5}{b}$ $\therefore b = \frac{5}{\tan 50^\circ}$ $b = 4,20$	✓ correct subst in ratio/ korr subst in verhouding ✓ b value/waarde (penalise for rounding off only in this question) (afronding word slegs in hierdie vraag gepenaliseer) (2)
4.2	$2\operatorname{cosec} 38,2^\circ + \cos 3(146,4^\circ)$ $= 2\left(\frac{1}{\sin 38,2^\circ}\right) + \cos 3(146,4^\circ)$ $= 3,42$	✓ $\left(\frac{1}{\sin 38,2^\circ}\right)$ or/of 2(1,617) or/of 3,234 ✓✓ answer accurate/ antwoord akkuraat [Answer only – full marks] [Slegs antwoord – volpunte] (3)
4.3	$\frac{\sin 45^\circ \cdot \tan^2 60^\circ}{\cos 45^\circ}$ $\frac{\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{1}\right)\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{1}\right)}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}}$ $\frac{3}{\sqrt{2}}$ $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ $\frac{3}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{1}$ $3$	✓ $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} / \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$ ✓ $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{1}$ ✓ $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} / \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$ (denominator / noemer) ✓ answer/antwoord <b>Answer only/ Slegs antw 0/4</b> (4)
4.4	$\cos\beta = \frac{3}{5}$ $y^2 = 5^2 - 3^2$	✓ $\cos\beta = \frac{3}{5}$ ✓ application Pyth. Th. toepassing van Pyth. St.

	$y = 4$ $\therefore \cot\alpha = \frac{4}{3}$ <b>OR/OF</b> $\cos\beta = \frac{3}{5}$ $\beta = 53,13^\circ$ $\alpha = 36,87^\circ$ $\cot \alpha = \frac{1}{\tan 36,87^\circ} = 1,33$	Or reason/ of rede Pyth ✓ $y = 4$ ✓ answer/antwoord (4) ✓ $\cos\beta = \frac{3}{5}$ ✓ value of / waarde van $\beta$ ✓ value of/waarde van $\alpha$ ✓ answer / antw (4) [17]
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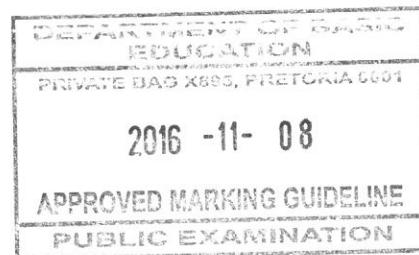
**QUESTION 5/VRAAG 5**

5.1.1	<p>In <math>\Delta AMN</math></p> $\tan \widehat{M} = \frac{AN}{MN}$ $\tan 21^\circ = \frac{AN}{15}$ $AN = 15 \cdot \tan 21^\circ$ $AN = 5,76 \text{ units/eenhede}$	$\checkmark \tan \widehat{M} = \frac{AN}{MN}$ $\checkmark$ substitute/vervang $\checkmark$ answer/antwoord (3)
5.1.2	$PN = 2(5,76)$ $= 11,52$ $\tan \widehat{M} = \frac{PN}{MN}$ $= \frac{11,52}{15}$ $\widehat{M} = 37,52^\circ$ $\therefore \widehat{PMN} = 37,52^\circ$	 $\checkmark PN = 11,52$ $\checkmark \tan \widehat{M} = \frac{11,52}{15}$ $\checkmark$ answer/antwoord (3)
5.1.3	$\sin 37,52 = \frac{11,52}{MP}$ $MP = \frac{11,52}{\sin 37,52}$ $MP = 18,92 \text{ (accept 18,91 also / aanvaar ook 18,91)}$ <p><b>OR/OF</b></p> $MP^2 = 15^2 + 11,52^2 \text{ Pyth}$ $MP = 18,91$ <p><b>ANY OTHER VALID METHOD/ ENIGE ANDER GELDIGE METODE</b></p>	$\checkmark \sin 37,52^\circ = \frac{11,52}{MP}$ $\checkmark$ MP subject/onderwerp $\checkmark$ answer/antwoord (3) $\checkmark$ using Pyth gebruik $\checkmark$ subst $\checkmark$ answer/antw (3)
5.2	$2\sin(\theta + 15^\circ) = 1,462$ $\sin(\theta + 15^\circ) = 0,731$ $\therefore \theta + 15^\circ = 46,97^\circ$ $\theta = 46,97^\circ - 15^\circ$ $\theta = 31,97^\circ$	$\checkmark 0,731$ $\checkmark 46,97^\circ$ $\checkmark$ answer/antwoord Answer only /slegs antw 3/3 (3) <b>[12]</b>

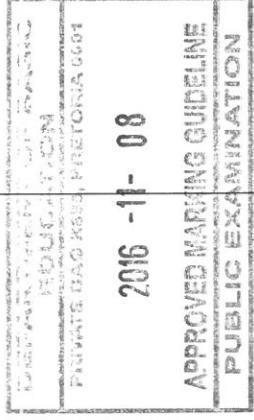


**QUESTION 6/VRAAG 6**

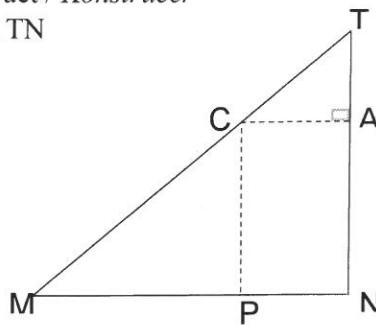
6.1	$a = 2$	✓ answer/antwoord (1)
6.2	Period/periode $f = 360^\circ$	✓ answer/antwoord (1)
6.3	$y \in [0; 2]$ or / of $0 \leq y \leq 2$	✓ 0 and 2 ✓ notation / notasie (2)
6.4	$0^\circ < x < 180^\circ$	✓ critical values/ kritiese waardes ✓ correct inequalities / korrekte ongelykhede (2)
6.5	$\begin{aligned}y &= -\cos x - 1 + 2 \\&= -\cos x + 1\end{aligned}$	✓ $-\cos x - 1$ ✓ + 2 OR /OF ✓ ✓ answer/antwoord Answer only Slegs antw 2/2 (2) [8]



**QUESTION 7/VRAAG 7**

7.1	$\frac{LM}{3100} = \tan\beta = 0,21$ $\therefore LM = 3100 \times 0,21 = 651 \text{ m}$ $\frac{TN}{3100} = \tan\theta = 0,35$ $\therefore TN = 3100 \times 0,35 = 1085 \text{ m}$ $\frac{LM}{TN} = \frac{651}{1085} = \frac{3}{5}$ <p><b>OR / OF</b></p> $\tan\beta = \frac{LM}{MN} = 0,21 \quad \tan\theta = \frac{TN}{MN} = 0,35$ $\frac{LM}{MN} \div \frac{TN}{MN} = \frac{0,21}{0,35}$ $\frac{LM}{TN} = \frac{0,21}{0,35}$ $= \frac{3}{5}$ $\therefore LM : TN$ $3 : 5$	$\checkmark \frac{LM}{3100} = \tan\beta = 0,21$ $\checkmark 651 \text{ m}$ $\checkmark 1085 \text{ m}$ $\checkmark \text{answer/ antwoord}$ $\checkmark \tan\beta = \frac{LM}{MN}$ $\checkmark \tan\theta = \frac{TN}{MN}$ $\checkmark \frac{LM}{MN} \div \frac{TN}{MN} = \frac{0,21}{0,35}$ $\checkmark \text{answer/antw } LM : TN$
7.2.1	$\tan\theta = 0,35$ $\theta = 19,29^\circ$ $\therefore \hat{MTN} = 70,71^\circ$	 $\checkmark \theta = 19,29^\circ$ $\checkmark \text{answer/ antwoord}$
7.2.2	$\cos 19,29^\circ = \frac{3100}{TM}$ $TM = 3284,39$ $CM = 2884,39$ $\therefore \sin 19,29^\circ = \frac{CP}{2884,39}$ $\therefore CP = 2884,39(\sin 19,29^\circ)$ $CP = 952,86 \text{ m}$	$\checkmark \cos 19,29^\circ = \frac{3100}{TM}$ $\checkmark TM = 3284,39$ $\checkmark CM = 2884,39$ $\checkmark \sin 19,29^\circ = \frac{CP}{2884,39}$ $\checkmark \text{answer/ antwoord}$



**OR / OF**Construct / Konstrueer  
 $CA \perp TN$ 

In  $\triangle TAC$  :  $\frac{TA}{400} = \cos 70,0995 \dots$

$$\therefore TA = 400 \cos 70,0995 \dots = 132,14 \dots$$

Then  $CP = 1085 - 132,14 \dots$   
= 952,86 m

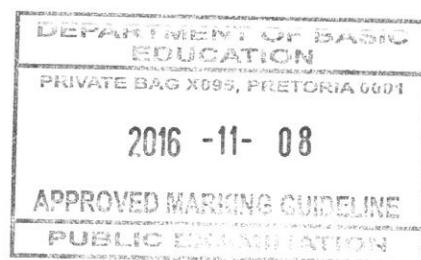
✓ construction of CA  
Konstrueer CA

✓  $\frac{TA}{400} = \cos 70,0995 \dots$

✓ 132,14

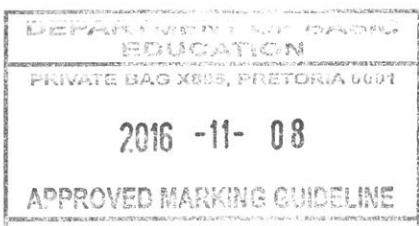
✓ subtracting / aftrek  
✓ answer / antw

(4)  
[11]



**QUESTION 8/ VRAAG 8**

8.1	is a parallelogram/is 'n parallelogram	✓ answer/antwoord (1)
8.2	In $\Delta ABD$ and/ <i>en</i> $\Delta CDB$ $\hat{D}_1 = \hat{B}_2$ [ alt. angles/ <i>verw. hoek</i> , $AD \parallel BC$ ] $\hat{B}_1 = \hat{D}_2$ [ alt. angles/ <i>verw. hoek</i> , $AB \parallel DC$ ] $BD = BD$ [common side/ <i>dieselfde sy</i> ] $\therefore \Delta ABD \cong \Delta CDB$ [A,A,S] $\therefore AB = DC, AD = BC$	$\checkmark S \quad \checkmark R$ $\checkmark S/R$ $\checkmark S/R$ $\checkmark S/R$ $\checkmark S$ Penalise once for leaving out $\parallel$ lines in reason <i>Penaliseer slegs een keer vir <math>\parallel</math> lyne in rede</i> (6)
8.3.1	Let/Laat $\hat{N}_1 = \hat{N}_2 = x$ [ ON bisects/ <i>halveer</i> $\overset{\wedge}{KNM}$ ] Let/Laat $\hat{M}_1 = \hat{M}_2 = y$ [ OM bisects/ <i>halveer</i> $\overset{\wedge}{NMP}$ ] $\therefore 2x + 2y = 180^\circ$ [co-int./ <i>ko-bin.</i> <i>hoek KN</i> $\parallel$ <i>PM</i> ] $\therefore x + y = 90^\circ$ $\hat{O}_2 + x + y = 180^\circ$ [ int. angles of/ <i>binnehoeke van</i> $\Delta$ ] $\therefore \hat{O}_2 + 90^\circ = 180^\circ$ $\therefore \hat{O}_2 = 90^\circ$	$\checkmark S/R$ $\checkmark S/R$ $\checkmark$ substitution/ <i>vervang</i> $(x + y = 90^\circ)$ (3)
8.3.2	$\hat{N}_2 = \hat{O}_1$ [alt. angle/ <i>verw. hoek</i> $KP \parallel NM$ ] $\hat{O}_1 = \hat{N}_1$ $\therefore KO = KN$ [ opp. Angles =/ <i>oorst hoeke</i> =] $\hat{O}_3 = \hat{M}_1$ [ alt angle/ <i>verw. KP</i> $\parallel$ <i>MN</i> ] $\hat{O}_3 = \hat{M}_2$ $\therefore OP = PM$ [sides opp. = angles] [ <i>sye oor. = hoeke</i> ] But/Maar $KN = PM$ [ opp. sides =/ <i>oor sye</i> =] $\therefore KO = OP$ $\therefore O$ is the midpoint/ <i>middelpunt</i>	$\checkmark S/R$ $\checkmark S$ $\checkmark S/R$ $\checkmark S/R$ $\checkmark S/R$ $\checkmark S/R$ $\checkmark S$ (6) [16]



Please turn over/Blaai om asseblief

**QUESTION 9/VRAAG 9**

9.1	half the length of /die helfde van die lengte van	✓ half /helfte (1)
9.2	<p>AB    QR [line joining midpoint or midpoint theorem] [lyn deur middelpunte of middelpuntstelling]</p> <p><math>AB = \frac{1}{2} QR</math> [line joining midpoint] [lyn deur middelpunte]</p> <p>DE    QR [line joining midpoint/lyn deur middelpunte]</p> <p><math>DE = \frac{1}{2} QR</math></p> <p><math>\therefore AB \parallel DE</math> and/en <math>AB = DE</math></p> <p><math>\therefore ADEB</math> is a parm. [one pair of opp. sides = and   ] [een paar teenoorstande sye = en   ]</p>	✓ R ✓ S/R ✓ S ✓ S (both/albei) ✓ R (5) [6]

**TOTAL/TOTAAL: 100**