



NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE/ NASIONALE SENIORSERTIFIKAAT

GRADE/GRAAD 12

SEPTEMBER 2023

**TECHNICAL SCIENCES P2 (CHEMISTRY)
TEGNIESE WETENSKAPPE V2 (CHEMIE)
MARKING GUIDELINE/NASIENRIGLYN**

MARKS/PUNTE: 75

This marking guideline consists of 7 pages./
Hierdie nasienriglyn bestaan uit 7 bladsye.

QUESTION/VRAAG 1

- 1.1 C ✓✓ (2)
 1.2 D ✓✓ (2)
 1.3 B ✓✓ (2)
 1.4 B ✓✓ (2)
 1.5 A ✓✓ (2)
[10]

QUESTION/VRAAG 2

- 2.1 An atom or a group of atoms that determines the chemistry of a molecule. ✓✓

OR

An atom or a group of atoms that determine(s) the physical and chemical properties of a group of organic compounds. ✓✓

'n Atoom of 'n groep atome wat die chemie van 'n molekuul bepaal. ✓✓

OF

'n Atoom of 'n groep atome wat die fisiese en chemiese eienskappe van 'n groep organiese verbinding bepaal. ✓✓ (2)

- 2.2 2.2.1 F ✓ (1)
 2.2.2 Carboxyl group/Karboksielgroep ✓✓ (1)
 2.2.3 Aldehyde / Aldehid ✓ (1)
 2.2.4 (2-bromo-1,4-dichloro) ✓ butane / butaan ✓ (2)
 2.2.5 Polythene/Politeen ✓
 ACCEPT: Polyethene
 AANVAAR: Poliéteen (1)
 2.2.6 $2\text{C}_6\text{H}_{14} + 19\text{O}_2 \rightarrow 12\text{CO}_2 + 14\text{H}_2\text{O}$

| | | |
|-------------|------------|---------------|
| Reactants ✓ | Products ✓ | Balancing ✓ |
| Reaktante ✓ | Produkte ✓ | Balansering ✓ |

 (3)

2.2.7 2-Methyl butan-1-ol ✓ (2-methyl ✓ 1-butanol) /
2-metiel ✓ butan-1-ol (2-metiel ✓ 1-butanol) (2)

2.2.8 $C_nH_{2n}O_2$ ✓ (1)

2.3.1 The reddish-brown (bromine water) solution decolourises. ✓

OR

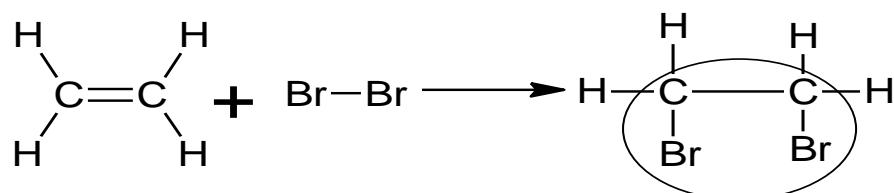
The reddish-brown colour disappears. ✓

Die rooibruin (broomwater) oplossing verkleur. ✓

OF

Die rooibruin kleur verdwyn. ✓ (1)

2.3.2



| Marking guidelines / Nasienriglyne | |
|---|------------------------------------|
| ✓ Alkene | ✓ Alkeen |
| ✓ Bromine (accept Br ₂) | ✓ Broom (Aanvaar Br ₂) |
| ✓ Functional group of product | ✓ Funksionele groep van produk |
| ✓ Whole structure of product correct | ✓ Hele struktuur van produk korrek |

(4)
[19]

QUESTION/VRAAG 3

- 3.1 Structural isomers are organic molecules with the same molecular formula, but different structural formulae. ✓✓
Strukturele isomere is organiese molekules met dieselfde molekules formule maar verskillende struktuurformules. ✓✓ (2)
- 3.2 3.2.1 Higher than/Hoër as ✓ (1)
- 3.2.2 Ethanoic acid/Etanoësuur ✓ (1)
- 3.2.3 Esters ✓ (1)
- 3.2.4
$$\begin{array}{c} \text{H} & & \text{O} \\ | & & \text{||} \\ \text{H} - \text{C} - \text{O} - \text{C} - \text{H} & \checkmark\checkmark \\ | \\ \text{H} \end{array}$$
Methyl methanoate/Metiel-metanoaat ✓ (3)
- 3.2.5 Compound **P** has strong hydrogen bonds, ✓ and compound **Q** has weak dipole-dipole Van der Waal forces. ✓ More energy is needed to overcome the Intermolecular forces in compound **P** than in compound **Q**. ✓
Verbinding P het sterk waterstofbindings ✓ en verbinding Q het swak dipool-dipool Van der Waalskragte. ✓ Meer energie is nodig om die intermolekulêre kragte in verbinding P te breek as in verbinding Q. ✓ (3)
- [11]

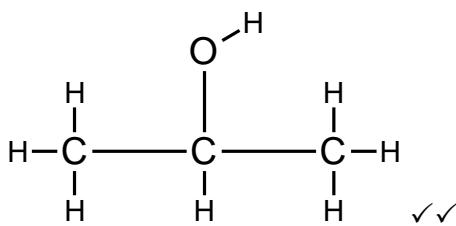
QUESTION/VRAAG 4

4.1 4.1.1 H_2 ✓ (1)

4.1.2 HCl ✓ (1)

4.2 4.2.1 Hydration (Addition) ✓
Hidrasie (Addisie) ✓ (1)

4.2.2



✓✓

(2)

4.3 $\text{C}_3\text{H}_8 + 5\text{O}_2 \rightarrow 3\text{CO}_2 + 4 \text{H}_2\text{O}$ ✓ (2)
[7]

QUESTION/VRAAG 5

5.1 A semiconductor is a material that has electrical conductivity between that of a conductor and an insulator. ✓✓

'n Halfgeleier is 'n stof wat die elektriese geleidingsvermoë tussen dié van 'n geleier en 'n isolator het. ✓✓ (2)

5.2 5.2.1 Doping/Doktering ✓ (1)

5.2.2 N-type/N-tipe ✓ (1)

5.2.3 A semi-conductor material with excess negative charge carriers. ✓

OR

It is doped with a pentavalent element that introduces excess electrons. ✓

'n Halfgeleier met 'n oormaat negatiewe ladingdraers. ✓

OF

Dit word gedokteer met 'n pentavalente element wat 'n oormaat elektrone inbring. ✓

(1)

[5]

QUESTION/VRAAG 6

- 6.1 The decomposition of a substance when an electric current is passed through it. ✓✓

OR

The chemical process in which electrical energy is converted to chemical energy. ✓✓

OR

The use of electrical energy to produce a chemical change. ✓✓

Die ontbinding van 'n stof waardeur 'n elektriese stroom daardeur gevoer word. ✓✓

OF

Die chemiese proses waarin elektriese energie na chemiese energie omgeskakel word. ✓✓

OF

Die gebruik van elektriese energie om 'n chemiese verandering te produseer. ✓✓

(2)

- 6.2 **Electrolytic cell:** Converts electrical energy to chemical energy. ✓

Elektrolitiese sel: Elektriese energie word na chemiese energie omgesit. ✓

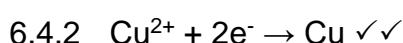
(1)

- 6.3 A ✓

(1)

- 6.4 6.4.1 Chlorine (gas) / Chloor(gas) ✓

(1)



(2)

6.4.3 *Cu²⁺ (ions)/Copper(II) (ions)/Cu²⁺ (ione)/Copper(II) (ione)* ✓

Cu²⁺ (ions) are reduced/gains electrons ✓

Cu²⁺ (ione) word gereduseer/ontvang elektrone ✓

(2)

6.4.4 Carbon/Graphite/Platinum ✓

Koolstof/Grafiet/Platinum ✓

(1)

- 6.5 **DECREASES/NEEM AF** ✓

Cl⁻ is oxidised to Cl₂ and Cu²⁺ is reduced to Cu ✓

OR

Cl⁻ changes to Cl₂ and Cu²⁺ changes to Cu ✓

Cl⁻ word geöksideer na Cl₂ en Cu²⁺ word na Cu gereduseer. ✓

OF

Cl⁻ verander na Cl₂ en Cu²⁺ verander na Cu ✓

(2)

[12]

QUESTION/VRAAG 7

7.1 Galvanic cell/Galvaniese sel ✓ (1)

7.2 There will be no reading✓✓ **OR** The reading will be zero. ✓✓ **OR** 0 V ✓✓
*Daar is geen lesing✓✓ **OF** Die lesing sal nul wees✓✓ **OF** 0 V ✓✓* (2)

7.3 Temperature ✓ and initial concentration ✓ (of the electrolytes)
Temperatuur ✓ en aanvanklike konsentrasie ✓ (van die elektrolyte) (2)

7.4 7.4.1 The voltmeter's terminals have been connected incorrectly. ✓✓

OR

Incorrect connection ✓(+ to anode and – to cathode) ✓✓

OR

The reaction is non-spontaneous. ✓✓

OR

Cu will not reduce Al⁺³. ✓✓

Die voltmeter se terminale is verkeerdelik gekoppel. ✓✓

OR

Verkeerde konneksies (+ aan anode en – aan katode) ✓✓

OR

Die reaksie is nie spontaan nie. ✓✓

OR

Cu sal nie Al⁺³ reduseer nie. ✓✓

(2)

7.4.2 Aluminium is a stronger reducing agent than zinc ✓ and zinc is a stronger reducing agent than copper ✓

OR

Zinc is a stronger oxidising agent than aluminum, ✓ and copper is a stronger oxidising agent than zinc. ✓

Aluminium is 'n sterker reduseermiddel as sink, ✓ en sink is 'n sterker reduseermiddel as koper. ✓

OR

Sink is 'n sterker oksideermiddel as aluminium ✓ en koper is 'n sterker oksideermiddel as sink. ✓

(2)

7.5 7.5.1 Aluminium/Al ✓ (1)

7.5.2 Zinc/(Sink)/Zn ✓ (1)

[11]

TOTAL: 75